

- ① $7y+2=15+3y$
 ② $\frac{x}{8} = \frac{x+1}{9}$
 ③ $14 = 8 + \frac{m}{2}$
 ④ $1 + \frac{6}{x} = -11$
 ⑤ $4-x = 2(x-4)$
 ⑥ $\frac{7+x}{x} = 22$
 ⑦ Find a if $ax-40=x+2$, $x=2$
 ⑧ $6x+20=2x$
 ⑨ Find C if $K=C+293$ and $K=20$
 ⑩ $6(x-2)-12=2x$
 ⑪ Find y if $3x+5y=29$, and $x=3$
 ⑫ $x-20=5x-20$
 ⑬ $10-x=x-10$
 ⑭ $\frac{2}{5x} + \frac{1}{x} = 21$
 ⑮ $-2x+1 < -9$
 ⑯ $\frac{x}{4} + \frac{3x}{8} > 10$
 ⑰ Find P if $P=2(l+w)$, $L=10$, $w=6$
 ⑱ Find $f(4)$ if $f(x) = \frac{x+10}{x-5}$
 ⑲ Find A if $A=\pi r^2$, $\pi=3.14$, $r=6$
 ⑳ Find C if $C=\frac{5}{9}(F-32)$, $F=50$
 ㉑ Find $f(-3)$ if $f(x)=2x^2-4x-10$
 ㉒ If $x=-5$ evaluate $(x+9)(x+5)$
 ㉓ Find $f(8)$ if $f(x)=x^{-2}$
 ㉔ Find $f(2)$ if $f(x)=\frac{4x}{1-x}$
 ㉕ Find $f(-1)$ if $f(x)=\sqrt{x+1}+2$
 ㉖ Find $f(-4)$ if $f(x)=\sqrt{5x-2}$
- ⑤2. Find $Pr-r$ if $P=-11$
 ⑤3. Find $f(\frac{1}{4})$ if $f(x)=\frac{1}{x}+\frac{3}{x}$
 ⑤4. Find mean of $1000, 2000, 4000, 7000, 9000$
 ⑤5. Evaluate $1000(1.05)^2$
 ⑤6. Simplify $\frac{a^{10}}{a^3}$
 ⑤7. Simplify $-2a^3(ab^2+b^2)$
 ⑤8. $\left(\frac{4}{x}\right)^3$
 ⑤9. $\left(\frac{2x}{3y}\right)\left(\frac{27y}{8x^2}\right)$
 ⑥0. Simplify $\frac{x+4x^2}{x}$
 ⑥1. Find N , $a^2+N+8b^2=(a+b)(a+8b)$
 ⑥2. Find V , $V=\pi r^2 h$, $r=6a$, $h=2a+5$
 ⑥3. Find area of a rectangle if $L=x+3$ and $W=2x-9$
 ⑥4. Find area of a square if $L=4a-b$
 ⑥5. If $4x^2-16=m$ then $x^2-4=$
 ⑥6. Simplify $(2xy^8)^4$
 ⑥7. Simplify $\left(\frac{8k}{2}\right)^2$
 ⑥8. Simplify $P=0.15P$
 ⑥9. Find X , $\frac{ax-b}{4a-1}=b$
 ⑦0. Simplify $\frac{-45x^8y^7z^11}{-30x^2y^5z^4}$
 ⑦1. $(3x+2y)(3x-2y)$

- 75) $(3x - 2y)(3x - 2y)$
 76) $(4x - 3y)^2$
 77) $(x-1)(x+2)$
 78) Factor $x^2 - 25$
 79) Factor $x^2 - 16y^2$
 80) Factor $100x^2 - 9y^2$
 81) Factor $\frac{9x^2}{16} - 25$
 82) Factor $\frac{9x^2}{16} - \frac{25y^2}{49}$
 83) Factor $x^2 + 6x - 7$
 84) Factor $x^2 - x - 2$
 85) Factor $2x^2 + 5x - 3$
 86) Factor $8x^2 - 7x - 1$
 87) Factor $x^3 + 6x^2 + 8x$
 88) Factor GCF $3x^3 - 18x^2 + 3x$
 89) Solve $x^2 - 6x - 7 = 0$
 90) Solve $x^2 + x - 12 = 0$
 91) Solve $x^2 + 2 = -3x$
 92) Solve $3x^2 + 13x - 10 = 0$
 93) Solve $(x+2)^2 = 9$
 94) Solve $\frac{x}{9} = \frac{1}{x}$
 95) Solve $\frac{x}{3} = \frac{1}{x}$
 96) Solve $\sqrt{x-2} = 8$
 97) Solve $\sqrt{x} + 2 = 5$
- 179) Find t if $t = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}$ and $x = 32$
 180) Solve $x - y = 6$
 181) Solve $x + y = 8$
 182) Solve $x + 2y = 9$
 183) Solve $x = y$
 184) Solve $x + y = 50$
 185) Solve $x - y = 0$
 186) Solve $2x + 3y = 5$
 187) Solve $4x - 2y = 2$
 188) Solve $3x + 2y = 5$
 189) Solve $4x + 7y = 11$
 190) Graph $y = 2x + 6$
 191) Graph $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$
 192) Graph $y = x^2 - 4$
 193) Graph $y = (x - 4)^2 - 9$
 194) Graph $y = |x|$
 195) Graph $y = |x - 2| + 4$
- TSI - 81
 08-11-15

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 7y + 2 = 15 + 3y$$

$$7y + 2 - 3y = 15 + 3y - 2$$

$$7y = 3y + 13$$

$$7y - 3y = 3y + 13 - 3y$$

$$4y = 13$$

$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{13}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{y} = \frac{13}{4}$$



$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{x}{8} = \frac{x+1}{9}$$

$$9(x) = 8(\cancel{x+1})$$

$$9x = 8x + 8$$

$$9x - 8x = 8\cancel{x} + 8 - 8\cancel{x}$$

$$1x = 8$$

$$\textcircled{x} = 8$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 14 = 8 + \frac{m}{2}$$

$$14 - 8 = 8 + \frac{m}{2} - 8$$

$$6 = \frac{m}{2}$$

$$\frac{6}{1} = \frac{m}{2}$$

$$2(6) = 1(m)$$

$$\textcircled{12} = m$$

$$⑤ 1 + \frac{6}{x} = -11$$
$$1 + \frac{6}{x} - 1 = -11 - 1$$

$$\frac{6}{x} = -12$$

$$\frac{6}{x} = -\frac{12}{1}$$

$$1(6) = -12(x)$$

$$6 = -12x$$

$$\frac{6}{-12} = \frac{-12x}{-12}$$

$$-\frac{6}{12} = x$$

$$-\frac{6(1)}{6(2)} = x$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} = x$$



$$⑦ 4 - x = 2(x - 4)$$

$$4 - x = 2x - 8$$

$$4 - x - 4 = 2x - 8 - 4$$

$$-x = 2x - 12$$

$$-1x - 2x = 2x - 12 - 2x$$

$$-3x = -12$$

$$\frac{-3x}{-3} = \frac{-12}{-3}$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad \frac{7+x}{x} = 22$$

$$\frac{7+x}{x} = \frac{22}{1}$$

$$1(7+x) = 22(x)$$

$$7+1x = 22x$$

$$7+1x - 1x = 22x - 1x$$

$$7 = 21x$$

$$\frac{7}{21} = \frac{21x}{21}$$

$$\frac{7(1)}{7(3)} = x$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = x$$



\textcircled{9} Find a if $ax - 40 = x + 2$ and $x = 2$.

$$ax - 40 = x + 2$$

$$a(2) - 40 = (2) + 2$$

$$2a - 40 = 2 + 2$$

$$2a - 40 = 4$$

$$2a - 40 + 40 = 4 + 40$$

$$2a = 44$$

$$\frac{2a}{2} = \frac{44}{2}$$

$$a = 22$$

$$(11) \quad 6x + 20 = 2x$$

$$6x + 20 - 20 = 2x - 20$$

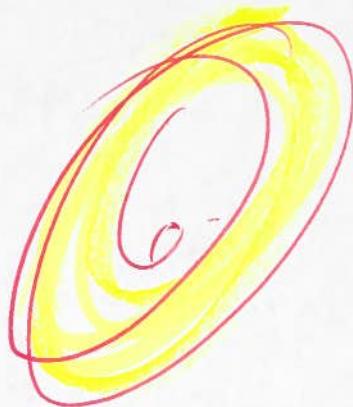
$$6x = 2x - 20$$

$$6x - 2x = 2x - 20 - 2x$$

$$4x = -20$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-20}{4}$$

$$x = -5$$



$$(12) \quad \text{Find } c \text{ if } k = c + 293 \text{ and } k = 20$$

$$k = c + 293$$

$$20 = c + 293$$

$$20 - 293 = c + 293 - 293$$

$$-273 = c$$

$$(13) \quad 6(x - 2) - 12 = 2x$$

$$6x - 12 - 12 = 2x$$

$$6x - 24 = 2x$$

$$6x - 24 + 24 = 2x + 24$$

$$6x = 2x + 24$$

$$6x - 2x = 2x + 24 - 2x$$

$$4x = 24$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{24}{4}$$

$$x = 6$$

(14) Find y if $3x+5y=29$ and $x=3$

$$3x+5y=29$$

$$3(3)+5y=29$$

$$9+5y=29$$

$$9+5y-9=29-9$$

$$5y=20$$

$$\frac{5y}{5}=\frac{20}{5}$$

$$y=4$$



(17) $x-20=5x-20$

$$x-20+20=5x-20+20$$

$$x=5x$$

$$x-5x=5x-5x$$

$$1x-5x=0$$

$$-4x=0$$

$$\frac{-4x}{-4}=\frac{0}{-4}$$

$$x=0$$

(19) $10-x=x-10$

$$10-x-10=x-10-10$$

$$-x=x-20$$

$$-x-x=x-20-x$$

$$-(x-x)=-20$$

$$-2x=-20$$

$$\frac{-2x}{-2}=\frac{-20}{-2}$$

$$x=10$$

$$(21) \quad \frac{2}{5x} + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{21}{1} \quad \text{LCD} = 5x$$

$$\cancel{\frac{2}{5}}(5x) + \cancel{\frac{1}{x}}(5x) = \frac{21}{1}(5x)$$

$$2(1) + 1(5) = 21(5x)$$

$$2 + 5 = 105x$$

$$7 = 105x$$

$$\frac{7}{105} = \frac{105x}{105}$$

$$\frac{7}{105} = x$$

$$\frac{7(1)}{105} = x$$

$$\frac{1}{15} = x$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ 7 \longdiv{105} \\ - (7) \\ \hline 35 \\ - (35) \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$(25) \quad -2x + 1 < -9$$

$$-2x + 1 - 1 < -9 - 1$$

$$-2x < -10$$

$$\frac{-2x}{-2} > \frac{-10}{-2}$$

$$x > 5$$

$$(30) \quad \frac{x}{4} + \frac{3x}{8} > 10 \quad \text{LCD} = 8$$

$$\frac{x}{4}(8) + \frac{3x}{8}(8) > 10(8)$$

$$x(2) + 3x(1) > 10(8)$$

$$2x + 3x > 80$$

$$5x > 80$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 21 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 105 \end{array}$$

8.

$$\frac{5x}{5} > \frac{80}{5}$$

$$x > 16$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 5 \longdiv{80} \\ -5 \\ \hline 30 \\ -25 \\ \hline 50 \\ -50 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

(31) Find P if $P=2(L+w)$, $L=10$, $w=6$

$$P=2(L+w)$$

$$P=2(10+6)$$

$$P=2(16)$$

$$P=32$$



(32) Find $f(4)$ if $f(x)=\frac{x+10}{x-5}$

$$f(x)=\frac{x+10}{x-5}$$

$$f(4)=\frac{(4)+10}{(4)-5}$$

$$f(4)=\frac{4+10}{4-5}$$

$$f(4)=\frac{14}{-1}$$

$$f(4)=-14$$

(33) Find A if $A=\pi r^2$, $\pi=3.14$, $r=6$

$$A=\pi r^2$$

$$A=3.14(6)^2$$

$$A=3.14(6)(6)$$

$$A=3.14(36)$$

$$A=113.04$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3.14 \\ \times 36 \\ \hline 1884 \\ 942 \\ \hline 113.04 \end{array}$$

(34) Find C if $C = \frac{5}{9}(F-32)$ and $F=50$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(F-32)$$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(50-32)$$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(18)$$

$$C = 5(2)$$

$$\underline{\underline{C = 10}}$$



(35) Find $f(-3)$ if $f(x) = 2x^2 - 4x - 10$

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 4x - 10$$

$$f(-3) = 2(-3)^2 - 4(-3) - 10$$

$$f(-3) = 2(-3)(-3) - 4(-3) - 10$$

$$f(-3) = 2(9) - 4(-3) - 10$$

$$f(-3) = 18 + 12 - 10$$

$$f(-3) = 30 - 10$$

$$\underline{\underline{f(-3) = 20}}$$

(36) If $x=-5$ then evaluate $(x+9)(x+5)$

$$(x+9)(x+5) =$$

$$(-5+9)(-5+5) =$$

$$(4)(0) =$$

$$\underline{\underline{0 =}}$$

(40) find $f(8)$ if $f(x) = x^{-2}$

$$f(x) = x^{-2}$$

$$f(8) = 8^{-2}$$

$$f(8) = \frac{1}{8^2}$$

$$f(8) = \frac{1}{8 \cdot 8}$$

$$f(8) = \frac{1}{64}$$



(41) find $f(2)$ if $f(x) = \frac{4x}{1-x}$

$$f(x) = \frac{4x}{1-x}$$

$$f(2) = \frac{4(2)}{1-(2)}$$

$$f(2) = \frac{8}{1-2}$$

$$f(2) = \frac{8}{-1}$$

$$f(2) = -8$$

(42) find $f(-1)$ if $f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} + 2$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} + 2$$

$$f(-1) = \sqrt{(-1)+1} + 2$$

$$f(-1) = \sqrt{-1+1} + 2$$

$$f(-1) = \sqrt{0} + 2$$

$$f(-1) = 0 + 2$$

$$\Rightarrow f(-1) = 2$$

(51) find $f(-4)$ if $f(x) = |5x-2|$

$$f(x) = |5x-2|$$

$$f(-4) = |5(-4)-2|$$

$$f(-4) = |-20-2|$$

$$f(-4) = |-22|$$

$$\boxed{f(-4) = 22}$$



(52) find $Pr - r$ if $p = -11$ and $r = \frac{1}{2}$

$$Pr - r =$$

$$(-11)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =$$

$$\left(\frac{-11}{1}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =$$

$$-\frac{11}{2} - \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$-\frac{11-1}{2} =$$

$$-\frac{12}{2} =$$

$$\boxed{-6 =}$$

(53) find $f(\frac{1}{4})$ if $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{3}{x}$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{3}{x}$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{3}{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{\frac{1}{1}}{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{\frac{3}{1}}{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = 1 \cdot \frac{4}{1} + \frac{3}{1} \cdot \frac{4}{1}$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = 4 + 12$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = 16$$



(54) Find the mean of
1000, 2000, 4000, 7000, 9000

$$\begin{array}{r} 1000 \\ 2000 \\ 4000 \\ 7000 \\ + 9000 \\ \hline 23000 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4600 \\ 5 \sqrt{23000} \\ \underline{- (20)} \\ 30 \\ \underline{- (30)} \\ 00 \\ \hline 00 \end{array}$$

(56) Evaluate $1000(1.05)^2 =$

$$1000(1.05)(1.05) =$$

$$1000(1.1025) =$$

$$\boxed{1102.5 =}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.05 \\ \times 1.05 \\ \hline 525 \\ 000 \\ \hline 1.1025 \end{array}$$

14.

(57) Simplify

$$\frac{a^{10}}{a^3} =$$

$$\frac{a^{10-3}}{a^7} =$$

(60) Simplify

$$-2a^3(ab^2 + b^2) =$$

$$-2a^3(1a^1b^2 + 1b^2) =$$

$$\cancel{-2a^{3+1}b^2} - 2a^3b^2 =$$

$$\cancel{-2a^4b^2} - 2a^3b^2 = 7$$

(62) Simplify

$$\left(\frac{4}{x}\right)^3 =$$

$$\left(\frac{4}{x}\right)\left(\frac{4}{x}\right)\left(\frac{4}{x}\right) =$$

$$\cancel{\frac{64}{x^3}} =$$

(63) Simplify

$$\left(\frac{2x}{3y}\right)\left(\frac{27y}{8x^2}\right)$$

$$\frac{2x}{3y} \cdot \frac{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot y}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot x \cdot x} =$$

$$\frac{2x}{3y} \cdot \frac{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot y}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot x \cdot x} =$$

$$\frac{9}{4x} =$$

(64) Simplify

$$\frac{x+4x^2}{x} =$$

$$\frac{x}{x} + \frac{4x^2}{x} =$$

$$\frac{x}{x} + \frac{4x \cdot x}{x} =$$

$$1 + 4x =$$

(66) Find N if $a^2 + N + 8b^2 = (a+b)(a+8b)$

$$a^2 + N + 8b^2 = a^2 + 8ab + ab + 8b^2$$

$$= a^2 + 8ab + ab + 8b^2$$

$$= a^2 + 9ab + 8b^2$$

$$N = 9ab$$

Primes 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, ..

$$3 \overline{)27}$$

$$3 \overline{)9}$$

$$3 \overline{)3}$$

$$1$$

$$2 \overline{)18}$$

$$2 \overline{)6}$$

$$2 \overline{)2}$$

15

$$27 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$

$$8 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$$

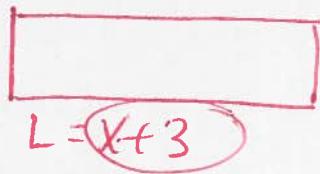
(68) Find area

$$A = LW$$

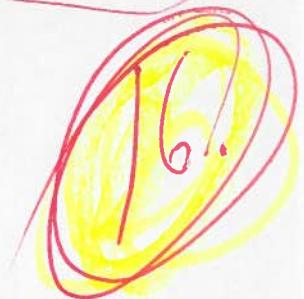
$$A = (x+3)(2x-9)$$

$$A = 2x^2 - 9x + 6x - 27$$

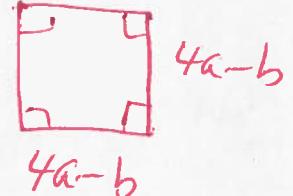
$$A = 2x^2 - 3x - 27 \text{ area}$$



$$2x - 9 = w$$



(69) Find the area of a square



$$A = LW$$

$$A = (4a-b)(4a-b)$$

$$A = 16a^2 - 4ab - 4ab + b^2$$

$$A = 16a^2 - 8ab + b^2 \text{ area}$$

(70) If $4x^2 - 16 = m$ then find $x^2 - 4 =$

$$\frac{4x^2}{4} - \frac{16}{4} = \frac{m}{4}$$

$$x^2 - 4 = \frac{m}{4}$$

(71) Simplify,

$$(2xy^8)^4 =$$

$$(2^1 x^1 y^8)^4 =$$

$$2^4 x^4 y^{32} =$$

$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 x^4 y^{32} =$$

$$16x^4 y^{32} =$$

(72) Simplify
 $\left(\frac{8k}{2}\right)^2 =$

$$(4k)^2 =$$

$$(4k)(4k) =$$

$$16k^2 =$$

17.

(73) Simplify
 $P - .15P =$

$$1.00P - .15P =$$

$$.85P =$$

Discount

(76) Find x if $\frac{ax-b}{4a-1} = b$

$$\frac{ax-b}{4a-1} = \frac{b}{1}$$

$$1(ax-b) = b(4a-1)$$

$$ax - 1b = 4ab - 1b$$

$$ax - 1b + 1b = 4ab - 1b + 1b$$

$$ax = 4ab$$

$$\frac{ax}{a} = \frac{4ab}{a}$$

$$x = 4b$$

(77) Simplify

$$\frac{-45x^8y^7z^{11}}{-30x^2y^5z^4} = \frac{-15(3)x^{8-2}y^{7-5}z^{11-4}}{-18(2)} = \frac{3x^6y^2z^7}{2}$$

18.

(78) Simplify $(3x+2y)(3x-2y) =$

$$9x^2 - 6xy + 6xy - 4y^2 =$$
$$9x^2 - 4y^2 =$$

(79) Simplify $(3x-2y)(3x-2y) =$

$$9x^2 - 6xy - 6xy + 4y^2 =$$
$$9x^2 - 12xy + 4y^2 =$$

(80) Simplify

$$(4x-3y)^2 =$$

$$(4x-3y)(4x-3y) =$$

$$16x^2 - 12xy - 12xy + 9y^2 =$$
$$16x^2 - 24xy + 9y^2 =$$

90. Simplify

$$(x-1)(x+2) =$$

$$x^2 + 2x - 1x - 2 =$$

$$x^2 + 1x - 2 =$$

$$x^2 + x - 2 =$$

19.

113. Factor

$$x^2 - 25 =$$

$$(x)^2 - (5)^2 =$$

$$(x+5)(x-5) =$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$

114. Factor

$$x^2 - 16y^2 =$$

$$(x)^2 - (4y)^2 =$$

$$(x+4y)(x-4y) =$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$

115. Factor

$$100x^2 - 9y^2 =$$

$$(10x)^2 - (3y)^2 =$$

$$(10x+3y)(10x-3y) =$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$

117.

Factor

$$\frac{9x^2}{16} - 25 =$$

$$\left(\frac{3x}{4}\right)^2 - (5)^2 =$$

$$\left(\frac{3x}{4} + 5\right) \left(\frac{3x}{4} - 5\right) =$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$

20.

120.

Factor

$$\frac{9x^2}{16} - \frac{25y^2}{49} =$$

$$\left(\frac{3x}{4}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{5y}{7}\right)^2 =$$

$$\left(\frac{3x}{4} + \frac{5y}{7}\right) \left(\frac{3x}{4} - \frac{5y}{7}\right) =$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$

126.

Factor

$$x^2 + 6x - 7 =$$

$$(x-1)(x+7) =$$

1.7

130.

Factor

$$x^2 - x - 2 =$$

$$(x+1)(x-2) =$$

2.1

(134)

Factor

$$2x^2 + 5x - 3 = \textcircled{2 \cdot 1} \quad \textcircled{1 \cdot 3}$$

$$(2x - 1)(x + 3) =$$

(21)

(140.)

Factor

$$8x^2 - 7x - 1 =$$

8.1
2.4

1.1

$$(8x + 1)(x - 1) =$$

(145.)

Factor

$$x^3 + 6x^2 + 8x =$$

8.1
2.4

$$x(x^2 + 6x + 8) =$$

$$x(x + 2)(x + 4) =$$

(148) Factor GCF

$$3x^3 - 18x^2 + 3x =$$

$$3x(x^2 - 6x + 1) =$$

1.7

(153.)

SOLVE

$$x^2 - 6x - 7 = 0$$

$$(x + 1)(x - 7) = 0$$

Set

$$x + 1 = 0 \quad \text{OR} \quad x - 7 = 0$$

$$x + 1 - 1 = 0 - 1 \quad \text{OR} \quad x - 7 + 7 = 0 + 7$$

$$x = -1 \quad \text{OR} \quad x = 7$$

{-1, 7}

(155.)

Solve

$$x^2 - x - 12 = 0$$

$$(x+3)(x-4) = 0$$

Set $x+3=0$ OR $x-4=0$

$$x+3-3=0-3$$

$$x=-3$$

$$x-4+4=0+4$$

$$x=4$$

12.1
6.2
3.4

{-3, 4}

22.

(161.)

Solve

$$x^2 + 2 = -3x$$

$$x^2 + 2 + 3x = -3x + 3x$$

$$x^2 + 2 + 3x = 0$$

$$x^2 + 3x + 2 = 0$$

$$(x+1)(x+2) = 0$$

Set $x+1=0$

OR

$$x+2=0$$

$$x+1-1=0-1$$

OR

$$x+2-2=0-2$$

$$x=-1$$

OR

$$x=-2$$

12

{-1, -2}

(164)

Solve by factoring

$$3x^2 + 13x - 10 = 0$$

$$(3x-2)(x+5) = 0$$

$$\text{So } 3x-2=0 \quad \text{OR} \quad x+5=0$$

$$3x-2+2=0+2$$

$$3x=2$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{OR } x+5-5=0-5$$

$$\text{OR } x=-5$$

3.1

$\frac{10-1}{2-5}$

(23)

$$\left\{ \frac{2}{3}, -5 \right\}$$

OR USE Quadratic formula

$$3x^2 + 13x - 10 = 0$$

$$a=3, b=13, c=-10$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{-13 \pm \sqrt{169 - 4(3)(-10)}}{2(3)}$$

$$x = \frac{-13 \pm \sqrt{169 + 120}}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{-13 \pm \sqrt{289}}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{-13 \pm 17}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{-13-17}{6} \quad \text{OR} \quad x = \frac{-13+17}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{-30}{6} \quad \text{OR} \quad x = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\text{OR } x = \frac{2(2)}{2(3)}$$

$$x = -5$$

$$x = \frac{2}{3}$$

(169)

Solve
 $(x+2)^2 = 9$

$$\sqrt{(x+2)^2} = \pm\sqrt{9}$$

$$x+2 = \pm 3$$

$$x+2 = -3 \quad \text{OR} \quad x+2 = 3$$

$$x+2-2 = -3-2 \quad \text{OR} \quad x+2-2 = 3-2$$

$$x = -5$$

$$\text{OR } x = 1$$

(170)

Solve

$$\frac{x}{9} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$x(x) = 9(1)$$

$$x^2 = 9$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \pm\sqrt{9}$$

$$x = \pm 3$$

$$x = -3$$

$$\text{OR } x = 3$$

$$\{-5, 13\}$$

24.

(171)

Solve

$$\frac{x}{3} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$x(x) = 3(1)$$

$$x^2 = 3$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \pm\sqrt{3}$$

$$x = \pm\sqrt{3}$$

$$x = -\sqrt{3}$$

$$\text{OR } x = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\{-3, 3\}$$

$$\{-\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3}\}$$

24.

(176)

Solve

$$\sqrt{x-2} = 8$$

$$(\sqrt{x-2})^2 = (8)^2$$

$$x-2 = 64$$

$$x-2+2 = 64+2$$

$$x = 66$$



(177)

Solve

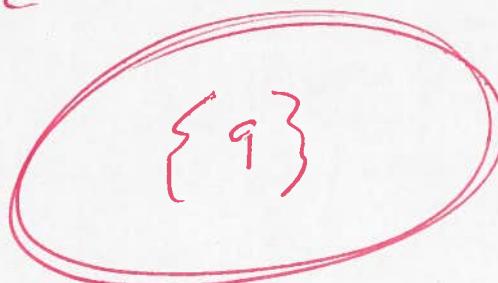
$$\sqrt{x} + 2 = 5$$

$$\sqrt{x} + \cancel{2} - \cancel{2} = 5 - 2$$

$$\sqrt{x} = 3$$

$$(\sqrt{x})^2 = (3)^2$$

$$x = 9$$



(178)

Find t if $t = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}$ and $x = 32$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{32}}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{16 \cdot 2}}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{16}\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$t = 2\sqrt{2}$$

(185) Solve for x

$$\begin{array}{r} x-y=6 \\ x+y=8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$2x = 14$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{14}{2}$$

$$x=7$$

26.

(186)

Solve for x

$$x+2y=9$$

$$x=y$$

$$x+2(x)=9$$

$$1x+2x=9$$

$$3x=9$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{9}{3}$$

$$x=3$$

(187)

Solve for x

$$x+y=50$$

$$x-y=0$$

$$2x=50$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{50}{2}$$

$$x=25$$

⑨⑩ Solve for x

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 3y = 5 \\ 4x - 2y = 2 \\ \hline 2x + 3y = 5 \quad (2) \\ 4x - 2y = 2 \quad (3) \\ \hline 4x + 6y = 10 \\ 12x - 6y = 6 \\ \hline 16x = 16 \\ \frac{16x}{16} = \frac{16}{16} \\ x = 1 \end{array}$$

27.

⑨⑪ Solve for x

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 2y = 5 \\ 4x + 7y = 11 \\ \hline 3x + 2y = 5 \quad (-7) \\ 4x + 7y = 11 \quad (2) \\ \hline -21x - 14y = -35 \\ 8x + 14y = 22 \\ \hline -13x = -13 \\ \frac{-13x}{-13} = \frac{-13}{-13} \\ x = 1 \end{array}$$

x = 1

(194) Graph

$$y = 2x + 6$$

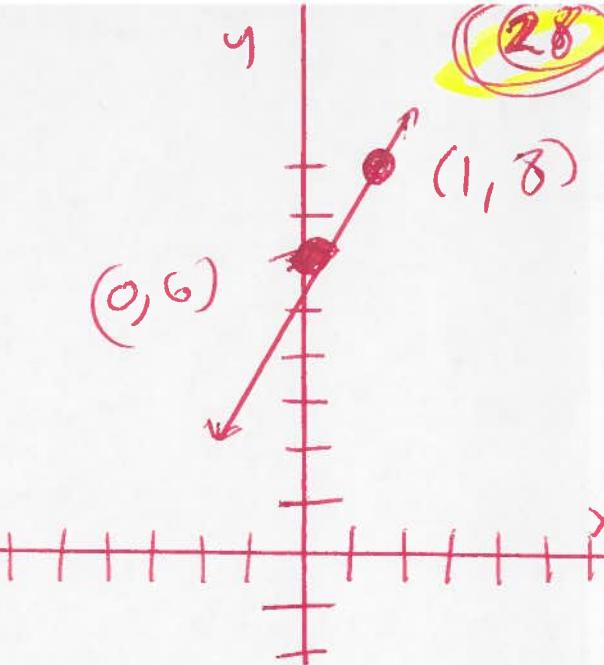
$$\begin{array}{l} y = 2(0) + 6 \\ y = 0 + 6 \\ y = 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = 2(1) + 6 \\ y = 2 + 6 \\ y = 8 \end{array}$$

x	y
0	6
1	8

(0, 6)

(28)



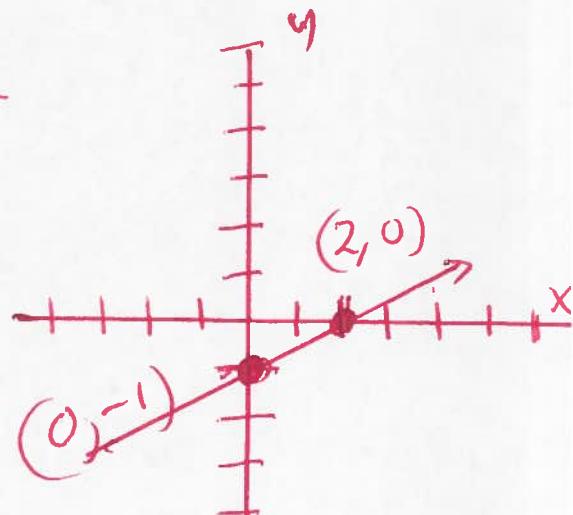
(195) Graph

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = \frac{1}{2}(0) - 1 \\ y = 0 - 1 \\ y = -1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = \frac{1}{2}(2) - 1 \\ y = 1 - 1 \\ = 0 \end{array}$$

x	y
0	-1
2	0



(197) Graph

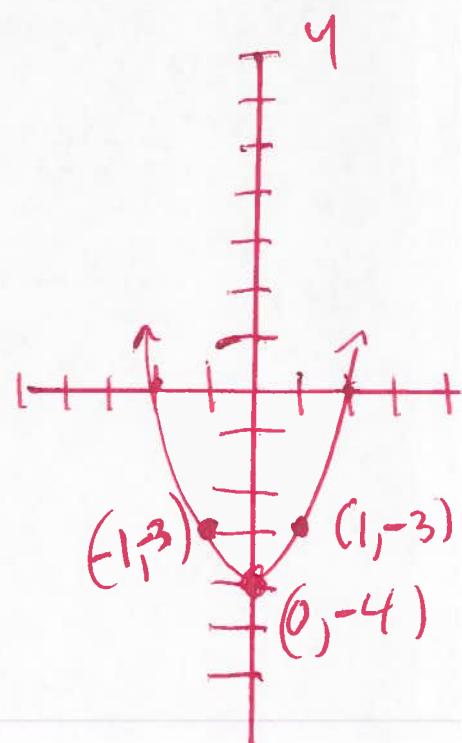
$$y = x^2 - 4$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = (-1)^2 - 4 \\ y = (-1)(-1) - 4 \\ y = 1 - 4 \\ y = -3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = (0)^2 - 4 \\ y = (0)(0) - 4 \\ y = 0 - 4 \\ y = -4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = (1)^2 - 4 \\ y = (1)(1) - 4 \\ y = 1 - 4 \\ y = -3 \end{array}$$

x	y
-1	-3
0	-4
1	-3



(199) graph

$$Y = |x|$$

$$Y = (-1)$$

$$Y = 1$$

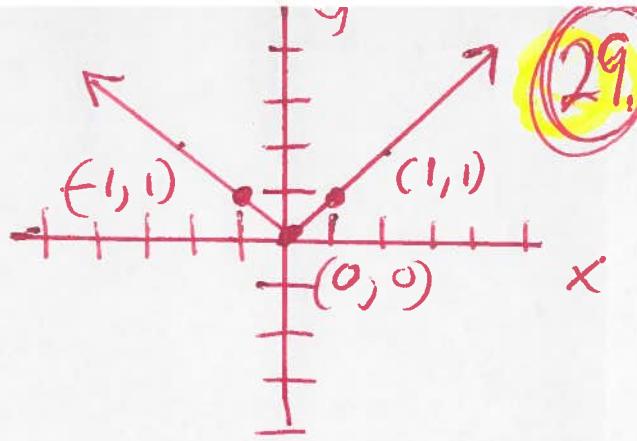
$$y = |0|$$

$$y = 0$$

$$Y = |1|$$

$$Y = 1$$

X	y
-1	1
0	0
1	1



(200) graph

$$Y = |x-2| + 4$$

X	y
1	5
2	4
3	5

$$Y = |(1)-2| + 4$$

$$Y = |1-2| + 4$$

$$Y = |-1| + 4$$

$$Y = 1 + 4$$

$$Y = 5$$

$$Y = |(2)-2| + 4$$

$$Y = |2-2| + 4$$

$$Y = |0| + 4$$

$$Y = 0 + 4$$

$$Y = 4$$

$$Y = |(3)-2| + 4$$

$$Y = |3-2| + 4$$

$$Y = |1| + 4$$

$$Y = 1 + 4$$

$$Y = 5$$

